# Answer Sheet for New King James Version (NKJV) Bible Correspondence Fellowship



## 1 Corinthians - Lesson 1 of 5

The book of First Corinthians is one of the most important in the Bible. It covers a wide variety of doctrinal and practical issues. As you study the book of First Corinthians you will learn much about God's will in the areas of sexual morality, marriage and divorce, lawsuits between believers, church discipline and many other topics. Likewise Paul discusses such important doctrinal issues as speaking in tongues and spiritual gifts, the resurrection, the rapture, the baptism of the Holy Spirit and Communion. In this letter Paul goes into great detail describing the nature of the Church as a body of believers with different parts but all working together for the benefit of one another.

Before beginning this study you should take time to read through First Corinthians from beginning to end. This will help you better understand each section in the context of the entire book. While doing the study read each question carefully using the given Scripture reference to find your answer. May the Lord bless you as you study the book of First Corinthians.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

**AUTHOR:** The apostle Paul

PLACE OF WRITING: Written from Ephesus.

**DATE OF WRITING:** First Corinthians was probably written sometime between

54 and 58 A.D. while Paul was on his third missionary journey.

PURPOSE, THEME AND SUBJECT MATTER OF THE LETTER: Corinth was the seat of government for Southern Greece or Achaia. It was noted for its wealth, and for the luxurious, immoral and vicious habits of the people. It had a large mixed population of Romans, Greeks, and Jews. Paul visited Corinth for the first time around the year 51 A.D.

1 Corinthians was written in response to a variety of problems that existed in the Corinthian church. Paul learned of these problems through reports that reached him from some members of the church (1 Corinthians 1:11; 5:1) and through letters that were sent to him (1 Corinthians 7:1). The majority of the specific issues discussed in the letter are of a very practical nature regarding Christian behavior. Some doctrinal issues are also discussed in detail as well, particularly the doctrine of the resurrection of the dead (Chapter 15).

	Please read the	entire b	ook of 1	Corinthians.	Check.
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### Chapter 1

Please memorize the following verse and be prepared to write it out at the end of this lesson.

For the word of the cross is foolishness to those who are perishing, but to us who are being saved it is the power of God. **1 Corinthians 1:18 – NASB.** 

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Read	1 Corinthians 1:1-9 Check		
1.	(v. 1:1) In what way was Paul called to be an apostle of Jesus Christ? through the will of God,		
2.	(v. 1:2) How does Paul describe the believers in the Corinthian church? those who are sanctified in Christ Jesus, called to be saints,		
3.	The word "sanctified" means to be holy. As we read through 1 Corinthians we learn that there was a great deal of sin in the Corinthian church. Why do you think God could call the Corinthian believers "sanctified" when there was such sinful behavior in the church? Everyone who believes in Jesus is sanctified		
4.	(v. 1:4) What is Paul's response to God because of the Corinthian believers?  I thank my God always concerning you for the grace of God		
5.	(v. 1:8) What will be the condition of the believers on the day of the Lord Jesus Christ? that you may be blameless in the day of our Lord Jesus Christ.		
6.	(v. 1:9) How is God described in this verse? God is faithful,		

#### **APPEAL FOR UNITY**

Read 1 Corinthians 1:10-17 and answer the following questions.

- 7. (v. 1:10) What was Paul's plea to the Corinthian believers?

  that you all speak the same thing, and that there be no divisions among you,

  but that you be perfectly joined together in the same mind and in the same judgment
- 8. (v. 1:11) How did Paul learn about the divisions in the Corinthian church? it has been declared to me by those of Chloe shousehold,

9. The Corinthia Christian lead		into factions that foll	owed the teachers of various
List the four	eaders that various Co	orinthians claimed to	follow (v. 1:12).
Paul	Apollos	<u>Cephas</u>	Christ
ous answers) questions (v. Is Christ divi	. What do you think is	s the point Paul is try	uestions (questions with obvi- ing to make with these three
•	.6) Did Paul baptize ev that he had baptized r	•	hian church? no
12. (v. 1:17) WI	nat did Christ not send	l Paul to do? <u>baptize</u>	ot with wisdom of words,
Christ commanded	the twelve apostles to postle Paul was worki	preach the gospel a	Mark 16:15-16. The Lord Jesus nd baptize. This verse is strong commission than the one given
MAN'S WISDOM vs	s. GOD'S WISDOM		
Read 1 Corinthians	1:18 – 2:16 Ch	eck	
foolishness t	o those who are peris	hing,	cross to two different groups?
but to us wh	o are being saved it is	the power of God	
•	the world find God to t means was salvation	_	om? <u>no</u> ishness of the message preached
in which they		? For Jews request	the Gentiles (Greeks) in the way a sign,
16. (vs. 1:23) W	/hat is the central focu	us of the preaching of	Paul? we preach Christ crucified
17. Write the po	oint of verse 25 in you d the weakness of Go	r own words. Becaused is stronger than me	se the foolishness of God is wiser

- 18. (v. 1:26–28) Describe the type of people that God can use to preach the gospel.

  God has chosen the weak things of the world to put to shame the things which are mighty; and the base things of the world and the things which are despised.

  God has chosen and the things which are not, to bring to nothing that things that are
- 19. (v.1:31) In whom should a Christian boast? He who glories, let him glory in the Lord."

### Chapter 2

- 1. (v. 2:1-5) How does Paul describe the way he preached to the Corinthians?

  I determined not to know anything among you except Jesus Christ and Him crucified.
  that your faith should not be in the wisdom of men but in the power of God.
- (v. 2:2) Describe the similarity between this verse and what Paul says in chapter 1 verse 23. "we preach Christ crucified,"

**Note:** The term "princes of this world" (KJV) or "rulers of this age" (NIV) can refer to Satan and his demons (John 12:31; John 14:30; John 16:11; Ephesians 2:2).

- 3. (v. 2:7) How does Paul describe God's wisdom? a mystery,
  the hidden wisdom which God ordained before the ages for our glory,
- 4. (v. 2:8) What reason does Paul give in this verse as to why God kept His plan hidden? for had they known, they would not have crucified the Lord of glory.

**Note:** Paul is not speaking of the fact that the death of Jesus Christ would bring salvation to the world in these verses. The Old Testament speaks of the substitutionary death of Christ in many places (e.g. Isaiah 53). Paul is referring to the special message revealed to him by God, which he called a "mystery" or secret, that the Jews and Gentiles could be saved and be made part of one Body of believers through faith in Jesus Christ. This message was kept hidden in God's mind "since the world began" and was not revealed in the Old Testament or the writings of any other author in the Bible. Compare Ephesians 3:4-6; Romans 16:25-26; Colossians 1:25-27.

5. (vss. 2:9-10) How did God reveal His wisdom to us? through His Spirit.

6.	(vss. 2:10-12) Explain these verses in your own words.
7.	(v. 2:14) Can the man without the Spirit of God accept the truth of God's word? (Also read 2 Corinthians 4:4-6)
	Chapter 3
DIVIS	IONS IN THE CHURCH
Read	1 Corinthians 3:1 - 9 Check
1.	(vss. 3:1-3) How does Paul describe the Corinthian believers? as to babes in Christ
	Why does he describe them this way? for until now you were not able to receive it,
	(v. 3:5) Does Paul teach that individual preachers should be given credit for the spiritual growth of the believers?   (vss. 3:6-9) Describe in your own words the point that Paul is trying to make in these verses.
	UDGMENT SEAT OF CHRIST to his own labors For we are God's fellow workers; you are God's field, you are God's building.  1 Corinthians 3:10 – 15 Check
4.	(v. 3:10) What does Paul call himself?  a wise master builder
ing to	The "foundation" which Paul laid is what he calls "the preaching of Jesus Christ accord- the revelation of the mystery" (Romans 16:25). It was the unique message he was given apostle to the Gentiles (Romans 11:13; 1 Timothy 2:7; 2 Timothy 1:11).
5.	(v. 3:11) What is the only true foundation that any minister can build upon?  Jesus Christ

PAUL D	Chapter 4 DEFENDS HIS MINISTRY
<u>l</u>	et him become a fool that he may become wise.
	(v.3:18) Describe the similarity between this verse and 1 Corinthians 1:23
10.	(v. 3:16) Why are we called the temple of God? <u>the Spirit of God dwells in you?</u>
judgme Christ t than th in the E	ner great judgment is called the Great White Throne judgment (Revelation 20:11). This ent will take place after the seven years of tribulation and after the second return of to the earth. This judgment will involve unbelievers from all other dispensations other ne present Dispensation of Grace. It will be to determine if their names were recorded Book of Life. Those whose names are not found in the Book will be sent to eternal punt in the Lake of Fire. (Revelation 20:11-14)
Body of a judgn	f Christ, has been taken from the earth in the rapture. It only involves believers and it is ment for rewards based on the works done as a believer. It is not a judgment to deter- person's salvation. If you are a believer in Jesus Christ today, this is the judgment you
found o	The Bible teaches of two great days of judgment. The one mentioned in these verses is only in writings of Paul and it is called the Judgment Seat of Christ are Romans 14:10; 2 Corinthians 5:10). This judgment takes place after the Church, the
9. (	v. 3:15) Will the person whose works are burned be lost or saved? saved
f	vs. 3:14-15) Describe what will happen on that day to those whose works were done for the glory of God and those whose works were useless.  If anyone's work which he has built on it endures, he will receive a reward. If anyone work is burned, he will suffer loss; but he himself will be saved, yet so as through fire.
•	v. 3:13) What will be made known at the time Paul calls "the Day." each one s work will become clear; for the Day will declare it,
	worthless deeds that a person does?
	V. 3:12) What metaphors (word pictures) does Paul use to describe the valuable and

Read 1 Corinthians 4:1-21 \_\_\_\_\_ Check

1.	(v. 4:1) How does Paul describe himself and Apollos?
	Let a man so consider us, as servants of Christ and stewards of the mysteries of God

In verse 4:2–4 Paul is talking about judging the validity of his ministry.

- 2. (v. 4:4) Who alone has the right to judge the validity of Paul's ministry? He who judges me is the Lord.
- 3. (v. 4:5) What will happen when the Lord comes for the Body of Christ?

  who will both bring to light the hidden things of darkness

  and reveal the counsels of the hearts. Then each one s praise will come from God.

**Note:** Apparently there were some in Corinth that were questioning Paul's authority as an apostle. In verses 8 - 10 Paul is using sarcasm to make his point that they were in fact not qualified to judge his apostleship.

- 4. (vss. 4:11–13) How does Paul describe the way he has acted and responded as an apostle of Jesus Christ?
  - We are weak, but you are strong! You are distinguished, but we are dishonored!

    To the present hour we both hunger and thirst, and we are poorly clothed, and beaten, and homeless. And we labor, working with our own hands.
  - Being reviled, we bless; being persecuted, we endure; being defamed, we entreat. We have been made as the filth of the world, the offscouring of all things until ne
- 5. (v. 4:15) How does he describe himself to the Corinthians?

  For though you might have ten thousand instructors in Christ, yet you do not have many fathers; for in Christ Jesus I have begotten you through the gospel
- 6. (Compare v. 4:16, 11:1) What does Paul instruct the Corinthian believers to do? Therefore I urge you, imitate me.

**Note:** Paul instructs believers to follow or imitate him in several places in his epistles (1 Corinthians 4:16; 1 Corinthians 11:1; Philippians 3:17; Philippians 4:9; 1 Thessalonians 1:6; 2 Thessalonians 3:7-9). He said these things because as the Apostle to the Gentiles he established a pattern of doctrine and behavior that was meant to be an example for all members of the Body of Christ.

- 7. (v. 4:17) Whom did Paul send to instruct the Corinthians in how they should behave? I have sent Timothy to you, who is my beloved and faithful son in the Lord
- 8. (v. 4:19) What does Paul promise he will do soon?

  I will come to you shortly, if the Lord wills,

	:18 from memory on the lines below. ne cross is foolishness to those who are perishing,
ut to us who are be	ng saved it is the power of God.
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